THE VALE OF GLAMORGAN COUNCIL

CHARGING FOR CARE AND SUPPORT SERVICES

under the

SOCIAL SERVICES AND WELL-BEING (WALES) ACT 2014

Financial Year: 2018/19

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LEGISLATIVE BACKGROUND

Introduction

- 1.1 The Social Services and Well-being (Wales) Act 2014 ('SSWWA 2014') came into force on 6 April 2016. It provides the statutory framework to deliver the Welsh Government's commitment to focus on well-being, rights and responsibilities. It brings together local authorities' duties and functions in relation to improving the well-being of adults who need care and support, and adult carers who need support, into a single piece of legislation.
- 1.2 The Act provides for a single legal framework for charging adults for care and support or, in the case of a carer, charging for support. However, there remain some differences between charging for care in a care home and charging for care at home/in the community. Where there are differences, they are set out in this Charging Policy.
- 1.3 This Charging Policy applies to all financial assessments for the 2018/19 financial year, regardless of the type of care provided or where it is received.

Regulations and Code

- 1.4 SSWWA 2014 (s61) provides for regulations to set out in greater detail how the charging arrangements are to operate after 6 April 2016. The Authority must follow the regulations when undertaking financial assessments and determining any charges (Guidance para 5.1) and when exercising its other functions in relating to charging. In the event of any dispute about any part of this Charging Policy, the content of the charging regulations and the Guidance takes precedence. The relevant 'Charging Regulations' are:
 - a. The Care and Support (Financial Assessment) (Wales) Regulations 2015;
 - b. The Care and Support (Charging) (Wales) Regulations 2015;
 - c. The Care and Support (Choice of Accommodation) (Wales) Regulations 2015:
 - d. The Care and Support (Deferred Payment) (Wales) Regulations 2015;
 - e. The Care and Support (Review of Charging Decisions and Determinations) Wales Regulations 2015.
- 1.5 A link to all the Regulations is available here: http://www.ccwales.org.uk/regulations-and-codes/.
- 1.6 In addition, a Code of Practice (Part 4/5 Charging and Financial Assessment) ('the Guidance') has been issued under s145 SSWWA 2014, which came into force on 6 April 2016. Local authorities, when carrying out their social services functions, must act under the Guidance and there are references in this Charging Policy to the Guidance and the relevant annexes. A requirement in the Guidance is expressed as 'must' or 'must not', whilst, where a local authority has discretion, it is expressed as 'may' or 'should/should not' (see the Guidance paras 1.3 and 1.4 1).
- 1.7 A link to the Code of Practice is available from: http://www.ccwales.org.uk/codes-of-practice-and-statutory-quidance/

KEY PRINCIPLES OF THE CHARGING POLICY

- 2.1 The overarching principle of the Act is that people who are asked to pay a charge must only be required to pay what they can afford (Guidance para 3.4). Local authorities may now exercise their discretion as to whether to charge for care in a care home, for carers and for domiciliary care (Guidance para 3.1). The Authority will continue to charge where a person receives care in a care home and also where the person receives care at home.
- 2.2 The principles which underpin the charging and financial assessment framework are set out in the Guidance (para 3.4), which are set out below. The Authority must therefore:
 - a. ensure that people are not charged more than it is reasonably practicable for them to pay:
 - b. not charge people more than the cost to the authority of providing or arranging the care and support they are receiving (or which they are to obtain themselves through direct payments);
 - c. be consistent, to remove variation in the way people are financially assessed:
 - d. be clear and transparent, so people know what they will be charged;
 - e. promote well-being outcomes, social inclusion and support the vision of independence, voice and control;
 - f. support carers to look after their own health and well-being, and to care effectively and safely;
 - g. be person-focused, reflecting the variety of care and caring situations and the variety of options available to help meet people's needs and well-being outcomes:
 - h. apply charging equally so those with similar needs for care and support are treated the same and minimise anomalies between charging for different types of care and support;
 - i. encourage and enable those who wish to stay in or take up employment, education or training, or plan for the future costs of meeting their needs, to do so:
 - j. be sustainable for local authorities in the long-term.

People who lack capacity

2.3 Where a person lacks capacity, they may still be assessed as being able to contribute towards the cost of their care and support. Where possible, the Authority will work with someone who has the legal authority to make financial decisions on behalf of the person who lacks capacity. If there is no such person, then the Authority may approach the Court of Protection (Guidance para 5.5).

Welfare Benefits

2.4 A person who is subject to a financial assessment will be offered advice about their potential entitlement to welfare benefits. Where necessary, this assistance may also include help with completion of benefit claims and follow up action, where the person wishes. This advice will usually be provided by the Authority's Finance and Benefits Assessors as part of the financial assessment process. Where possible, the person may be signposted to relevant organisations or agencies for independent assistance, should they prefer (Guidance para 5.8).

Annual Review of Financial Assessments

- 2.5 A person who has received a financial assessment will be reassessed on an annual basis to take into account any changes to income or capital.
- 2.6 A financial reassessment will be undertaken to take into account any additional benefits awarded as a result of any welfare benefits advice provided to the person as part of the financial assessment process. Where additional welfare benefits have been awarded, the charge will be recalculated. Where an existing assessment is recalculated, resulting in a change in the amount of the charge, the person will be provided with a statement of any revised charge.
- 2.7 If a person's financial circumstances change, they should inform the Council so that a reassessment can be undertaken.

SCOPE OF THE CHARGING POLICY

Where a charge will be made

- 3.1 This Charging Policy applies to those adults (ie persons aged 18 years and over) who receive care and support provided and/or arranged by the Authority to meet a person's eligible needs (see the Guidance para 5.1), whether that care and support is:
 - a. in a care home, or
 - b. in the community; and/or
 - c. provided by means of direct payments.
- 3.2 The SSWWA 2014, together with the accompanying regulations and Guidance, prohibits the Authority from charging a child for the care and support he/she provided under Part 4 SSWWA 2014 (Meeting Needs). The Authority is also prohibited from charging the parents/guardian of a child receiving such care and support. Where the child is a carer in their own right, no charge is to be made for any support provided to them (under Part 4 SSWWA 2014) (Guidance para 5.6).
- 3.2 Where a person wishes to enter into a private agreement to pay for care and support in addition to that provided or arranged by the Authority, this Charging Policy does not apply to the charging of, and paying for, any such private care. Nothing in the SSWWA 2014, the regulations nor the Guidance stops a person from entering into such private arrangements, where they choose to do so (Guidance para 3.6).
- 3.3 After the financial assessment process has been concluded, a person may be liable to pay a charge towards their costs. Where charges are to be paid, the person's liability to pay for their care and support starts on the date on which they first receive it, whether in the community, in a care home or by means of direct payments. However, charges may only be collected by the Authority after the date a statement of the charge is provided to the service user (Guidance para 5.22).

Persons who may not be charged for their care and support services

- 3.4 There are some categories of persons whom Authority will not charge as the type of care and support must be arranged free of charge (Guidance para 5.12). This is where the person receiving care and support services:
 - a. is suffering from any form of Creutzfeldt-Jakob Disease (the disease must have been diagnosed by a registered medical professional);
 - b. is eligible to receive their care and support as a package of aftercare services in accordance with section 117 of the Mental Health Act 1983:

Services provided without charge

- 3.5 There are some services for which the Authority may not charge, as follows:
 - a. Care and support provided as where it is provided to a person as 'reablement', for a period of up to six weeks (or longer, as agreed) to enable them to maintain or regain their ability to live independently at home. This applies where the reablement is arranged under Act (under Part 2 (General functions); Part 4 (Meeting needs) or by means of direct payments under sections 50 or 52 (Direct Payments)) (see Guidance para 5.12). Where the

period of reablement comes to an end, and the person continues to receive care and support services in the community, the usual charging provisions will apply. Where a person had on-going care and support in the community prior to them receiving reablement services, it is only the additional reablement package of care that is non-chargeable for up to six weeks, after which usual charging practices for the entire package will apply;

- b. Transport to a day service where it is provided by the Authority as part of meeting a person's eligible needs (para 5.12);
- c. Independent professional advocacy service provided by the Authority in accordance with Part 10 (Complaints, Representatives and Advocacy Services) of the Act (ie where a person can only overcome the barrier(s) to participate fully in the assessment, care and support planning, review and safeguarding processes with assistance from an appropriate individual and no such individual was available) (para 5.12);
- d. The provision of information and advice (under Part 2 SSWWA 2014) to service users, or prospective service users, about the range of and availability of services provided (para 5.12);
- e. The assessment of care needs; carrying out a financial assessment; care planning; care plans; the provision of a statements about a charge for a service; undertaking a review of a charging decision or charge itself are services for which no charge is to be made by the Authority, as such processes do not constitute the provision of care and support (para 5.12);
- f. Carers will not be charged for support services provided to them as a carer. It is noted that, where a service is provided to meet the care and support needs of the person for whom the carer provides care (eg for respite), this is a service to the person being care for and not a service to the carer. For charging purposes, it therefore would be form part of any charge for care and support provided to the person, rather than the carer.

FINANCIAL ASSESSMENT PROCESS

No requirement for a financial assessment

- 4.1 The Authority is not under a duty to carry out a financial assessment in the following circumstances (para 5.18):
 - a. The person is receiving care and support for which no charge can be made (see 3.4 & 3.5 above);
 - b. The person declines to undergo a financial assessment;
 - c. Where the care and support service provided (including preventative services and assistance) is subject to a flat rate charge (see paras 5.10, 5.11, 5.12, 5.13 & 5.14 below);
 - d. The person declines to provide (in part or at all) the information and/or documents within 15 working days (or other agreed extension of time) which the Authority reasonably requires to undertake the financial assessment.
- 4.2 Where the person has not provided the information/documents requested, the Authority may decide that it has sufficient information to determine the charge, on the basis of the information/documents available. For example, where it is established that the person has savings or owns property, the value of which are in excess of the capital limit, the Authority may be satisfied that the person is able to afford the amount of the charge in respect of their care and support (Guidance paras 5.18 & 5.19).

Information to be provided by the Authority before the financial assessment

- 4.3 In all circumstances, other than those set out in paras 4.1 and 4.2 above, the Authority must carry out a financial assessment and determine what the person can afford to reasonably pay.
- 4.4 Before a financial assessment is carried out, the Authority will provide the following information (Guidance para 5.14 and the Financial Assessment Regulations Reg 3):
 - a. details of care and support being offered or provided to the person which may be charged, including care and support for which direct payments are being considered or made;
 - b. details of the Charging Policy for the provision of care and support, which identifies those elements of the care and support subject to a charge; the standard charge which may be imposed; any flat rate charges and the amount of the maximum weekly charge, where that charge is lower than the standard charge;
 - c. details of the financial assessment process, including the current capital limit;
 - d. details of the information and documents that a person needs to provide for the financial assessment, which will include details of their income, assets and outgoings, to enable a financial assessment to be undertaken;

- e. the timescales for, and the consequences of not providing the information within the required timescales for the purposes of the financial assessment and/or of refusing to allow the Authority to carry out a financial assessment;
- f. information about the written statement to be provided by the Authority on completion of the financial assessment process, about the person's ability to pay a charge;
- g. details of any home visiting facilities, with contact details for a Finance Officer within the Authority who is able to provide further information, if required;
- h. information about the person's right to appoint a third party to assist, or to act on their behalf, in respect of the financial assessment process;
- i. the contact details of those offices within the Authority who may be contacted if the person requires more information.

THE CHARGING PROCEDURE

Where the care and support is provided in the person's home

- 5.1 The charge will be determined during the financial assessment process, in accordance with regulations about the treatment of capital and income where the person's care is provided in the community. The capital limit for care in the person's home for the 2018/19 financial year is £24,000. Further information about the treatment of capital and income is set out in this Charging Policy at paras 6.1, 6.2, 6.3, 6.4, 6.5, 6.6, 6.7, 6.8, 6.9, 6.10 & 6.11 below.
- 5.2 Where the Authority decides that a person's financial circumstances are sufficient for them to pay towards their care and support, we will calculate the standard charge for the care and support provided to the person (see Appendix 1). Where the standard charge is higher than the maximum charge (£80 per week for the 2018/19 year), the person will be pay only the maximum charge.
- 5.3 Once the financial assessment process is complete, a written statement of the charge is sent to the person, who will be liable to pay for their care and support from the date that it was first provided. However, payment is not required to be made until after the date on which the statement is sent to the person.

Where the care and support is provided in a care home

- 5.4 We will calculate the standard charge for the care and support provided to the person where their care is provided to a person in a care home. The amount of the standard charge varies depending on the type of the care being provided, with the rates being adjusted every year (usually every April); see Appendix 1 for the current standard charges for the 2018/19 financial year.
- 5.5 The amount of the weekly charge will be determined by the financial assessment process, in accordance with regulations on capital limit and the Minimum Income Amount (MIA). The capital limit for care and support in a care home is £40,000 for the 2018/19 year. Further information is set out in this Charging Policy at paras 8.1, 8.2, 8.3, 8.4, 8.5, 8.6 & 8.7 below.
- 5.6 Once the financial assessment is complete, a written statement of the charge is sent to the person and payment will not be required until after the date on which the statement is sent to the person. However, once the statement is sent, the person is liable to pay for the care and support from the date it was funded by the Authority (ie usually from the date the person moved into the care home).

Review of Charging Decisions

- 5.7 The Regulations and the Guidance Annex E provide a process to enable the person to review the charge being made for their care and support. It also applies to those third parties from whom the Authority is seeking to recover assets/income which the Authority believes has been transferred to them to avoid charges.
- 5.8 Where a person asks that their charge for care and support be reviewed, the services will continue to be provided to them by the Authority. However, the person remains liable for the charges, which will continue to accrue until the review decision is made.

Flat rate charges

- 5.9 The Authority may make a flat rate charge for the following services (Guidance para 6.1):
 - a. care and support provided under Part 4 SSWWA 2014 (meeting needs);
 - b. Preventative services (s15 SSWWA 2014);
 - c. Assistance services (s17 SSWWA 2014).
- 5.10 Such charges are made for low level, low cost care and support, typically for care and support which substitutes for ordinary living. The flat rate charge must not charge exceed the cost incurred in arranging or providing for the service.
- 5.11 Where the Authority makes a flat rate charge for a service, the Authority is not under a duty to undertake a financial assessment: it would usually be disproportionate to do so for what is usually a modest charge. However, where a person is paying a number of flat rate charges, the Authority will offer the person a financial assessment where there is reason to believe that the accumulative effect of the flat rate charges is, or may be, unaffordable for the person (Guidance para 6.4).
- 5.12 Where a person pays the maximum weekly charge for their other care and support services, any flat rate charges are to be paid by the person in addition to the maximum weekly charge (currently £80.00 per week) (Guidance para 7.2).
- 5.13 Where the Authority carries out a financial assessment, the amount paid by the person in flat rate charges for services set out in para 5.9 above is taken into account when calculating the Minimum Income Amount (see para 8.1 below).

ASSESSMENT OF CAPITAL

- 6.1 Capital is considered to be the financial resources held by a person which are available for their use. Capital resources are usually considered to be more durable than income, as they usually generate a return (eg savings, investments and property).
- 6.2 A person's capital will be calculated in accordance with Part 4 (Treatment and calculation of capital) and Schedule 2 (Capital to be disregarded) of the Care and Support (Financial Assessment) (Wales) Regulations 2015 and the following principles apply:
 - a. A person will not be charged twice on the same resources, which will be treated as income or capital, but not both (Guidance Appendix A para 2.5).
 - b. Only the capital of the person being assessed can be taken into account in the financial assessment of what they can afford to pay (Guidance para 5.3).
 - c. Where the person holds capital as one of a couple, the starting presumption is that each person has an equal share of that capital. The capital of a couple can be assessed but only where this is financially more advantageous to the person being assessed (Guidance para 5.3).
 - d. The value of a capital asset will be assessed in order to take it into account in the financial assessment. Other than National Savings Certificates, valuation will be the current market or surrender value minus:
 - I. 10% of the value if there will be any actual expenses connected with sale involved in selling the asset; and
 - II. Any outstanding debts secured on the asset.

Capital Limit

- 6.3 The capital limit is the total assessed value of a person's capital assets; it is the point below which a person is entitled to means-tested financial support from the Authority to meet their eligible care and support needs (Guidance para 5.9).
- 6.4 Any capital below the capital limit will be disregarded in the financial assessment. In such circumstances, a person must not be required to contribute to the cost of their care and support from their capital assets (Guidance para 5.10).
- 6.5 Where the person's capital is at or above the capital limit in force, the person will be:
 - a. liable to meet the full cost of their care and support in a care home;
 - b. required to pay the maximum charge, contribution or reimbursement applicable if they receive care and support in their own home or in the community, where the weekly cost of their care and support is at or above the level of the weekly maximum charge.

Where the Authority arranges a person's care

6.6 A person with capital at or above the capital limit can ask the Authority to arrange their care and support to meet their eligible care and support needs, if they choose.

However, people in this position will be required to pay the full cost of their care and support in a care home, or the full cost up to the weekly maximum charge in relation to care and support in the community, until such time as the value of their capital is at or below the level of the capital limit (Guidance para 5.11).

Capital to be disregarded

- 6.7 Some types of capital are not included in the assessment of a person's capital ie they are 'disregarded' (see Guidance para 2.28). These may include personal possessions; personal injury payments; annuities; life assurance policies and certain types of investment bonds.
- 6.8 Where a person receives care and support from the Authority, and they are uncertain about how their capital is to be treated in any financial assessment, they should seek advice from the Authority's Community Care Finance Team and/or agree to a full financial assessment, which will enable the Authority to reach a proper decision.

Property as a capital asset

- 6.9 The value of a person's main or only home will be disregarded in a financial assessment where:
 - a. The person is receiving non-residential care and support in the community:
 - b. The person is receiving care and support in a care home on a temporary basis.
- 6.10 The person is receiving care and support in a care home but their **main or only** home is occupied by any of the following people, provided it is occupied by them as their **main or only** home AND the property has been continuously occupied by them since before the person went into a care home (Guidance para 3.1):
 - a. the person's partner, former partner or civil partner except where they are estranged or divorced;
 - a lone parent with a dependent child who is the person's estranged or divorced partner;
 - c. certain relatives (defined in the Guidance para 3.2) of the person or member of the person's family (defined in the Guidance para 3.3) who is:
 - I. aged 60 or over; or
 - II. is a child of the person aged under 18;
 - III. is incapacitated.

Notional capital

6.11 In some circumstances, a person will be treated as possessing capital where they do not possess it. This is called 'notional capital', for example, where it would be available to a person if they applied for it or capital the person has deprived themselves of in order to reduce the amount of a charge. A person who has been assessed as having 'notional capital' will have the value of this reduced over time.

ASSESSMENT OF INCOME

- 7.1 A person's income will be calculated on a weekly basis in accordance with Part 3 (Treatment and calculation of income) and Schedule 1 (Sums to be disregarded in the calculation of income) of the Care and Support (Financial Assessment) (Wales) Regulations 2015.
- 7.2 Only the income of the person being assessed can be taken into account in the financial assessment of what they can afford to pay. Where the person receives income as one of a couple, the starting presumption is that each person has an equal share of that income. The income of a couple can be assessed only where it is financially more advantageous to the person being assessed (Annex B para 2.2).
- 7.3 Where a person receives care and support from the Authority, and they are uncertain about how their income is to be treated in any financial assessment, they may seek advice from the Authority's Community Care Finance Team and/or agree to a full financial assessment, so that the Authority may reach a proper decision about the treatment of the income.

Welfare Benefits

7.3 The Authority should take most welfare benefits which people receive into account as part of the financial assessment (eg state pension; Employment and Support Allowance) (Annex B paras 2.11 & 2.13). However, some welfare benefits must be fully disregarded (eg the mobility component of DLA/PIP) (Annex B para 2.12).

Other Income

7.4 Other sources of income (net of any tax and national insurance) should be taken into account by the Authority in the financial assessment (Annex B para 2.3 & 2.4), including income from annuities, occupational and personal pensions and investment bonds. However, in all cases, earnings as an employed earner or as a self-employed earner **must** be fully disregarded in any financial assessment (Annex B paras 2.6-2.9).

Income Disregards and Allowances

7.5 Other than earnings, some types of income are also disregarded, either in full or in part. For example, income arising from personal injury trusts is to be fully disregarded, as well as income in kind. Some income is partly disregarded, such as the savings disregard based on qualifying income (Annex B paras 2.28 & 2.29). A full list of income disregards is set out in the Appendices 2 & 3 in this Charging Policy.

Notional Income

- 7.6 In some circumstances, a person may be treated as having income which they do not actually have, which is known as 'notional income'. Where the Authority is satisfied that the income would or should be available to the person, it may treat is as notional income and take it into account in the financial assessment.
- 7.7 Examples of notional income would be where the person would be entitled to Employment and Support Allowance, but has not applied for it, or where the person would be eligible for an income from a personal pension fund but has not made the necessary arrangements to do so (Annex B paras 2.32 & 2.33).

MINIMUM INCOME AMOUNT ('MIA')

Where the person receives care and support in their own home/community

- 8.1 The purpose of the MIA is to ensure that a person is able to afford to pay their daily living costs, as well as the charge for their care and support. A person's income will not be reduced below the MIA, after deduction of the charge for their non-residential care and support (Guidance para 11.3).
- 8.2 In broad terms, the MIA is calculated as follows:
 - a. the amount of the 'basic entitlement' of income support, employment & support allowance, or guarantee credit (including carers premium) (see Appendix 4; plus
 - b. an amount of not less than 35% of the basic entitlement; plus
 - c. a further sum to compensate for disability-related expenditure, calculated by whichever is the higher of **either** 10% of the 'basic entitlement' **or** £16.50 per week for a single person and £33.00 per week (where both members of a couple are in receipt of disability benefit) (see Appendix 4); and
 - d. a weekly amount equivalent to any flat-rate charges being paid by the person for services provided under Part 4 (meeting needs), or for preventative or assistance services provided respectively under ss 15 & 17 of the Act.

Where a person is provided with accommodation in a care home

- 8.3 Where a person's capital is below the capital limit, the Authority will contribute towards the costs of a permanent placement in a care home, where it is to be provided to meet the person's care and support needs.
- 8.4 In such circumstances, the person will be expected to contribute most of their income to pay towards their care home fees. The Authority must allow the person a MIA of £28.50 per week (2018/19 rates) to enable them to spend on personal items (eg clothes and other items not part of their care and support). This is an amount determined by the Welsh Government, usually from each April.
- 8.5 The Authority has a discretion to apply a higher MIA in individual cases (Guidance para 9.4 and Annex B para 3.5).

Short-term & temporary stays in a care home

- 8.6 Where a person is a **short-term resident** in a care home (ie a stay not exceeding 8 weeks), the Authority will undertake a financial assessment as if the person were receiving care and support in their own home.
- 8.7 A person may be in a care home as a **temporary resident** for a period of 52 weeks (or unlikely to exceed that timescale). Where a person is a temporary resident, their care and support will be charged under the temporary resident provisions. This approach provides for more generous disregards and allowances within the financial assessment than for a permanent resident.

DISABILITY RELATED EXPENDITURE ('DRE')

9.1 The Authority, when carrying out a financial assessment, will allow the person to keep enough income to pay for their necessary DRE to meet any needs which are not being met by their care and support plan.

Where a person receives care and support at home or in the community

- 9.2 Where a person receives their care and support in their own homes/community, a DRE disregard of 10% of their basic entitlement of Income Support/ Guarantee Credit level is to be provided in accordance with the Regulations (see para 8.2.c above).
- 9.3 However, historically, the Authority has provided a DRE in excess of 10% in each case, by allowing the sum of £16.50 per week for a single person and £33.00 per week for a couple (if both were in receipt of DLA care/PIP daily living/AA). This reflected the lower rate of the DLA care component in payment in 2005 and it usually more than the 10% of the basic entitlement which is set out in the Regulations. It is intended that this more generous DRE arrangement will continue for the 2018/19 financial year.
- 9.4 The Authority has the discretion to provide for a higher level of DRE to reflect the additional costs of the person's needs, where those costs are not covered by the existing allowance for DRE. A non-exhaustive list of the types of expenditure which the Authority may include as additional DRE is in the Guidance Annex B para 2.39; evidence of the need for and the amount of any such expenditure will be required.
- 9.5 Where the item is available to the person at a lesser cost, the Authority may reasonably decide not to allow the item as DRE (Guidance Annex B para 2.40). Each case will be determined on its merits by the Authority, based on the relevant information.

Where a person receives care and support in a care home

9.6 Where a person receives their care and support in a care home, the Authority also has discretion to provide for DRE when undertaking a financial assessment. Where the person has expenditure relating to their care needs, which are not being met within their agreed package of residential care, the Authority may increase the standard MIA to reflect the additional costs. Each case will be determined on its merits by the Authority, based on the relevant information (see Guidance Annex B para 2.39).

CALCULATING THE CHARGE

- 10.1 The Authority will calculate a person's 'assessed income' using the method set out below. The assessed income is the amount which the person will be expected to use to pay towards their care and support needs; it is the same method regardless of the type of the care setting.
- 10.2 The calculation is set out below in stages:-
 - I. Stage 1: calculate the person's income; LESS
 - II. Stage 2: the appropriate minimum income amount (MIA); LESS
 - III. **Stage 3**: the amount for the person's allowances and disregards, including any additional DRE costs (see Appendices 2 & 3); *EQUALS*
 - IV. **Stage** 4: the person's assessed income (subject to the maximum charge see below).

Where a person receives care and support in their own home

- 10.3 The amount the person pays towards their care in their own home will be the amount of weekly cost to the Authority for that care where their assessed income is sufficient for them to pay the whole cost. For example, where the person's assessed income is £25.00 per week, and the cost to the Authority is £20.00 per week, the person will pay £20.00 per week ie the whole amount of the cost.
- 10.4 Where the person's income is insufficient to pay the whole amount of the cost to the Authority of their care, they will pay their assessed, available income. For example, where the person's assessed income is £15.00 per week, and the cost to the Authority of their care is £25.00 per week, the person will pay only their assessed, available income of £15.00 per week towards their care.

The operation of the maximum charge

- 10.5 The amount that a person must pay towards their care is subject to a maximum of £80 per week (2018/19 rates). It operates as follows: for example, where the cost of the care to the Authority is £100.00 per week and the person's assessed, available income is £120.00 per week, the maximum charge which the person will be required to pay under the charging regulations will be £80 per week.
- 10.6 Where a person pays for their care and support, and also pays for other services by means of a flat rate charge, the maximum charge does not include the cost of those flat rate charges. Therefore, the Authority is entitled to charge a person the maximum charge of £80 per week as well as flat rate charges for the other services they receive. For further information about the use and treatment of flat rate charges, see paras 5.10, 5.11, 5.12, 5.13 & 5.14 above.
- 10.7 For charging purposes, a week starts on a Monday and ends on a Sunday. Where care and support is provided for only part of a week, in certain circumstances, a person may be required to pay the full charge for that week, up to a maximum of £80 per week.

Where a person receives care and support in a care home

10.8 For care and support provided in a care home on a permanent basis, the actual charge to the person will be their available income after deduction of the Minimum Income Amount (see paragraph 8.4 above).

- 10.9 However, because of changes in social security entitlement and the treatment of property at the start of a person's stay in a care home, it is likely that there may be different charges over the first 12 weeks of a permanent stay in a care home. The Authority will advise the person of the different charges to be paid and also provide information as to how the charges have been calculated.
- 10.10 Where a person is a permanent resident in a care home, the charging week is from a Friday (6pm) to a Friday (5.59pm).

DIRECT PAYMENTS

- 11.1 A person receiving care and support by means of direct payments will be charged in accordance with this Charging Policy and the Guidance (Part 4 Contributions and Reimbursements for Direct Payments).
- 11.2 A person may receive care and support by means of both direct payments and by services arranged or provided to them by the Authority. Where this happens, the total amount to be funded by the person towards their care and support must not exceed the weekly maximum charge/amount (ie must not exceed £80.00 per week for 2018/19).

DEPRIVATION OF ASSETS/INCOME & RECOVERY OF DEBTS

Deprivation of assets and/or income

- 12.1 People with care and support needs are generally free to use their capital and income as they see fit, including making gifts to friends and family. However, there are occasions where a person with care and support needs may have tried to deliberately avoid paying for care and support through depriving themselves of assets either of capital or income.
- 12.2 The Authority will investigate cases of possible deprivation of assets and/or income and make an assessment on the merits of each case. Where it believes that it has evidence to support a finding of deprivation, the Authority may seek to recover its costs (section 72 SSWWA 2014 Transfer of assets to avoid charges). The options available to the Authority in such cases are that it may charge the person as though they were still in possession of the asset/income. In the alternative, the Authority may seek to recover its financial losses from the person to whom the asset was transferred (see Guidance paras 8.1 8.3).

Recovery of debts

- 12.3 Where the person owes money to the Authority, either because of deprivation or because of a failure to pay the charges and/or other monies due to the Authority, it is open to the Authority to recover the debt. The Authority is entitled to issue court proceedings for the recovery of the debt after all other reasonable alternatives for recovering the debt have been exhausted (section 70 SSWWA 2014 recovery of charges, interest etc) (Guidance paras 8.4 8.6).
- 12.4 Where a debt has accrued after the introduction of the SSWWA 2014 (April 2016), the time limit for issue of proceedings to recover the debt will be six years from the date upon which amount became due to the Authority but was not paid (Guidance Annex F paras 3.1 & 3.2).

Appendix 1

STANDARD CHARGES FOR CARE AND SUPPORT SERVICES 2018/19

SERVICE	2018/19 CHARGE	NOTES
Home Care/Home Support	Range from £14.75 per	Internal and external
	hour to £22.00 per hour	provider, including
		extracare schemes
Rondel House Day	£58.00 per day	Meals are charged as a
Centres for Older People		flat-rate separately.
& Dementia Day Services		
New Horizons Day Centre	£55.00 per day	Meals are charged as a
		flat-rate separately.
Learning Disability Day	£116.00	Meals are charged as a
Centre		flat-rate separately.
Private Day Care	Provider rate per day	
	range from	
Direct Payments	£10.92 per week day hour	
	£11.82 per weekend hour	
	£77.72 night rate	
	Mileage £0.40 per mile	
Telev+	£8.77 per week	

The standard cost for care and support in a care home for older persons for the Vale of Glamorgan Council area is £588.35.00 per week (2018/19) and for people with a diagnosis of dementia is £650.88 (2018/19) per week. For nursing home placements the current funded nursing rate is £149.67 per week (2018/19)* (Wales). For residential placements under the age of 65 the weekly cost is determined by on a case procurement process on a case by case basis??.

^{*} figure correct as at 20th June 2018

Appendix 2

CAPITAL AND INCOME DISREGARDS FOR 2018/19 For Permanent Residential Care and Short Stays after 8 Weeks duration.

The income and capital disregards are in accordance with Part 3 (Treatment and calculation of income), Schedule 1 (Sums to be disregarded in the calculation of income) and Part 4 (Treatment and calculation of capital) and Schedule 2 (Capital to be disregarded) of the Care and Support (Financial Assessment) (Wales) Regulations 2015, as updated annually.

The current limit of total capital disregard is £40,000 for a single person (Welsh Government 2018/19)

Type of CAPITAL Included within Financial Assessment	DISREGARD	ASSESSMENT	NOTES
Savings, including ISAs, PEPs etc	Nil	See notes	Total of all capital disregard £40,000,
Income Bonds	Subject to verification of life assurance element.	See notes	As above
Premium Bonds	Nil	See notes	As above
Stocks and Shares	10% of current value	See notes	As above
National Savings Certificates	Nil	See notes	Obtain current value from NS&I helpline or online calculator As above
Cash	Nil	See notes	As above
Property	Only in certain circumstances in line with regulations and code of practice	Value minus 10% for sale expenses	As above
Land	Nil	Value minus 10% for sale expenses	As above
	ı	T	
INCOME	DISREGARD	ASSESSMENT	NOTES
Income Support	Nil	All	
Pension Credit – Guarantee Credit	Nil	All	
Pension Credit – Savings Credit	Single £5.75 max Couple £8.60 max	Nil	No new claims from April 16 Applicable if

	1		over 65
			Calculate entitlement and
			disregard the amount up to the maximum
State Pension	Nil	All	to the maximum
Job Seekers	Nil	All	
Allowance	INII	All	
Attendance	Nil	All	If eligible for first 4 weeks
Allowance	INII	All	and reinstated on 13 th
Allowarice			week if property owned
			and taken into account.
Constant	Nil	All	If eligible for first 4 weeks
Attendance	1 1 1	7	and reinstated on 13 th
Allowance (can be			week if property owned
included within			and taken into account.
other benefits eg			
Industrial Injuries)			
Disability Living	Nil	All	If eligible for first 4 weeks
Allowance Care			and reinstated on 13 th
Component			week if property owned
			and taken into account.
Disability Living	All	Nil	
Allowance Mobility			
Component			
Personal	All	Nil	
Independence			
Payments Mobility			
Component	N I'I		If all all to find the contract of
Personal	Nil	All	If eligible for first 4 weeks
Independence			and reinstated on 13 th
Payment – Daily			week if property owned
Living Component Employment and	Nil	All	and taken into account.
Support Allowance	INII	All	
(or the benefits this			
replaces eg			
Severe			
Disablement			
Allowance &			
Incapacity Benefit)			
Universal Credit	Nil	All	Subject to breakdown
Bereavement	Nil	All	
Allowance			
Widowed Parent's	Nil	All	
Allowance			
Guaranteed	All	Nil	
Income Payments			
made to Veterans			
under the Armed			
Forces			
Compensation			
Scheme			

Com di cama	C40	Dalanas	
Survivors Guaranteed Income Payments from the Armed Forces	£10	Balance	
Compensation Scheme			
War Widows/Widowers Pension/Benefit	£10.00	Balance	Breakdown is required as the MOD Special Payment (Supplementary Pension) may be included within War Widows/Widowers Pension.
War Widows/Widowers MOD Special Payment (Supplementary Pension)	£94.05	Balance	
War Disablement Pension / Benefit	All	Nil	Breakdown required to check if other benefits included in payment eg CAA – see notes above
Industrial Injuries	Nil	All	Breakdown required to check if other benefits included in payment eg CAA – see notes above
Payments to victims of Nationalist Socialist persecution	£10.00	Balance	
Housing Benefit/Supporting People Subsidy	All	Nil	
Income from: Annuity, pension and investment bonds	Nil	All	Except where it is purchased with a loan secured on the person's main or only home or a gallantry award eg Victoria Cross Annuity. Refer to Annex B of code.
Income from property not occupied by person (service user)	Nil	All	

Charitable and Voluntary Payments	All	Nil	If not made regularly treat as capital
Occupational Pension	Nil or 50%	All or 50%	50% disregarded if one of a couple and the spouse/partner remaining at home.
Trust Fund payments – where treated as income	Nil	All	Subject to verification and terms of trust.
Statutory Sick	All	Nil	
Mortgage protection Insurance Policies	All	Nil	
Skipton Fund	All	Nil	
London Bombings Relief Charitable Fund	All	Nil	

PERMANENT RESIDENTIAL CARE ALLOWANCES/OUTGOINGS 2018/19

EXPENSES	AMOUNT ALLOWED	NOTES
Mortgage repayments	All or % of liability	1 st 12 weeks of permanent residential care placement
Endowment policies linked to Mortgage repayments	All	
House Insurance-Building to include fixtures and fittings	All or % of liability	Whilst property is taken into account within financial assessment.
Rent where not living with a close relative	All (Net of Housing Benefit & supporting People Subsidy)	Allow for 1 st 4 weeks
Ground rent	All or % of liability	1 st 12 weeks if property owned
Service Charges	All or % of liability	1 ST 12 weeks if property owned
Home Improvement Loan	All or % of liability	Evidence required 1 st 12 weeks if property owned
Council Tax (Income Support claimants should not be paying Council Tax)	Actual amount payable	Check if exempt due to permanent residential care or maximum of 12 weeks if payable.
Child Maintenance Payments – Evidence required	All	
Water Rates/Water standard charge	All	4 weeks if property rented. 1 st 12 weeks if property owned and unoccupied.
Standing Charge for Gas & Electricity	£1.95	4 weeks if property rented. 1 st 12 weeks if property owned and unoccupied or accepted as deferred payment loan

Where a temporary stay in residential care continues after 8 weeks then appropriate allowances will be made for household commitments.

CAPITAL AND INCOME DISREGARDS F0R 2018/19 for Care and Support at Home/Short Stays in Residential Care up to 8 Weeks

The income and capital disregards are in accordance with Part 3 (Treatment and calculation of income), Schedule 1 (Sums to be disregarded in the calculation of income) and Part 4 (Treatment and calculation of capital) and Schedule 2 (Capital to be disregarded) of the Care and Support (Financial Assessment) (Wales) Regulations 2015, as updated annually. Should any item not be listed please refer to the Community Care Finance Section.

CAPITAL	DISREGARD	ASSESSMENT	NOTES
Savings, including ISAs, PEPs etc	Nil	See notes	Total of all capital disregard £24,000 or £48,000 for couples if full disclosure. Single person above this level charge will be £80.00, subject to level of care
Income Bonds	Subject to verification of life assurance element.	See notes	As above
Premium Bonds	Nil	See notes	As above
Stocks and Shares	10% of current value	See notes	As above
National Savings Certificates	Nil	See notes	Obtain current value from NS&I helpline or online calculator As above
Cash	Nil		As Above
Property	Main residence	Nil	
	T		
INCOME	DISREGARD	ASSESSMENT	NOTES
Income Support	Nil	All	
Pension Credit – Guarantee Credit	Nil	All	
Pension Credit – Savings Credit	Single £5.75 max Couple £8.60 max	Balance	No new claims from April 16 Applicable if over 65 Calculate entitlement and disregard the amount up to the maximum (including where not in payment)

State Pension	Nil	All	
Job Seekers	Nil	All	
Allowance		7 111	
Child Benefit	All	Nil	Where Child Benefit is in payment and no child tax credit received, an allowance of £68.35 (2018/19) should be made for each child (equivalent to Dependent Child Allowance in Income Support)
Child Support Maintenance Payments	All	Nil	
Child Tax Credit	All	Nil	
Working Tax Credit	All	Nil	\//boxo bish su vot : :-
Attendance Allowance	Nil	Balance	Where higher rate is payable and night care is not being provided an additional disregard of £28.30 (2018/19) is made
Constant Attendance Allowance (can be included within other benefits eg Industrial Injuries)	Nil	Balance	Where higher rate is payable and night care is not being provided an additional disregard of £28.30 (2018/19) is made
Disability Living Allowance Care Component	Nil	Balance	Where higher rate is payable and night care is not being provided an additional disregard of £28.30 (2018/19) is made
Disability Living Allowance Mobility Component	All	Nil	
Personal Independence Payments Mobility Component	All	Nil	
Personal Independence Payment – Daily Living Component	Nil	All	
Employment and Support Allowance (or the benefits this replaces eg Severe Disablement	Nil	All	

	1		
Allowance &			
Incapacity Benefit)			
Universal Credit	Nil	All	Subject to breakdown
Bereavement	Nil	All	
Allowance	N 111	All	
Widowed Parent's	Nil	All	
Allowance	A 11	A I'I	
Guaranteed Income Payments	All	Nil	
made to Veterans			
under the Armed			
Forces			
Compensation			
Scheme			
Survivors	£10.00	Balance	
Guaranteed			
Income Payments			
from the Armed			
Forces			
Compensation Scheme			
War	£10.00	Balance	Breakdown is required as
Widows/Widowers	210.00	Dalarice	the MOD Special
Pension/Benefit			Payment (Supplementary
			Pension) will be included
			within War
			Widows/Widowers
			Pension.
War	All	Nil	
Widows/Widowers			
MOD Special			
Payment			
(Supplementary			
Pension) War Disablement	All	Nil	Drookdown required to
Pension / Benefit	All	INII	Breakdown required to check if other benefits
Pension / Denem			included in payment eg
			CAA – see notes above
Industrial Injuries	Nil	All	Breakdown required to
aaaanan injanioo		, w	check if other benefits
			included in payment eg
			CAA – see notes above
Payments to	£10.00	Balance	
victims of			
Nationalist			
Socialist			
persecution			110
Carers Allowance	Nil	All	Where the person is also
			a carer receiving Carers
			Allowance for looking
			after a child with a
			disability, the Carers

	1	T	1
			Allowance should be
			disregarded in full
Housing Benefit/Supporting People Subsidy	All	Nil	
Independent Living Fund/ Welsh Independent Living Scheme	All	Nil	
Income from: Annuity, pension and investment bonds	Nil	All	Except where it is purchased with a loan secured on the person's main or only home or a gallantry award eg Victoria Cross Annuity. Refer to Annex B of code.
Income from property not occupied by person (service user)	Nil	All	
Income from property occupied by person (subtenants)	£4.00	Balance	
Income from property occupied by person where heating is included (sub-tenants)	£13.65	Balance	
Income from lodgers or boarders	Disregard the first £20 of the income plus ½ of any balance over £20	Balance	Eg £50 per week received as income, the first £20 is disregarded plus ½ of remaining £30 (ie £15) = total disregard of £35.
Charitable and Voluntary Payments	All	Nil	If not made regularly treat as capital
Earnings	All	Nil	Including Christmas bonus, commission, holiday pay
Occupational Pension	Nil	All	
Trust Fund payments – where treated as income	Nil	All	Subject to verification of terms of trust
Fostering Allowance	All	Nil	

Maternity	Nil	All	
Allowance			
Elected Members	All	Nil	
Allowance			
Statutory Sick /	All	Nil	
Maternity Pay			
Payments in Lieu	All	Nil	
of Concessionary			
Coal			
Permitted work –	All	Nil	
Therapeutic			
earnings			
Mortgage	All	Nil	
protection			
Insurance Policies			
Skipton Fund	All	Nil	
London Bombings	All	Nil	
Relief Charitable			
Fund			

Appendix 3

ALLOWANCES/OUTGOINGS 2018/19 for Care and Support at home

EXPENSES	AMOUNT ALLOWED	NOTES
Mortgage repayments	All or % liability	
Endowment policies linked to Mortgage repayments	All or % liability	
Rent where not living with a close relative	All (Net of Housing Benefit & Supporting People Subsidy)	
Rent where living with a	£8.95 per week	Evidence required if
close relative – ONLY if payment declared		contributing more than the allowance towards rent/mortgage
Ground rent	All or % liability	
Service Charges	All or % liability I	
Home Improvement Loan	All or % liability	
Council Tax (Income Support claimants should not be paying Council Tax)	Actual amount payable or % liability	
House Building and contents Insurance	All or % liability	
Piper Alarm – Evidence required, cost may be covered by Housing Benefit/Supporting People.	Actual weekly Cost	
Child Maintenance Payments – Evidence required	All	

	Basic' Income Support / Pensi	ion Credit L	evels Anril	2018/19	APPENDIX 4			
	Dasic income support/1 ens	on orean L	evels April					
		Davasas	Disability	Enhanced Disability	IC /DC	Dania	Dania	1/00
		<u>Personal</u> <u>Allowance</u>	<u>Disability</u> <u>Premium</u>	<u>Disability</u> <u>Premium</u>	IS /PC Basic Level	<u>Basic</u> plus 35%	<u>Basic</u> plus 10%	<u>VOG</u>
A	SINGLE, Pensioner entitled to Pension Credit	£ 163.00			£ 163.00	£220.05	£16.30	£16.50
D	COUPLE, Pensioner entitled to Pension Credit	£ 248.80			£ 248.80	£335.88	£24.88	£33.00 if Partner also on
Б.			200.05					DLA/AA/PIP
	ESA - WORK RELATED ACTIVITY GROUP In receipt of DLA Care Low or Middle Rate	£73.10	£29.05		£102.15	£137.90	£10.22	£16.50
	ESA - WORK RELATED ACTIVITY GROUP In receipt of DLA Care High Rate	£73.10	£29.05	£16.40	£118.55	£160.04	£11.86	£16.50
	ESA - SUPPORT GROUP	£73.10	£37.65	£16.40	£127.15	£171.65	£12.72	£16.50
	ESA - WORK RELATED ACTIVITY GROUP In receipt of DLA Care Low or Middle Rate COUPLE	£114.85	£29.05		£143.90	£194.27	£14.39	£16.50 OR £33.00 if Partner also on DLA/AA/PIP
	ESA - WORK RELATED ACTIVITY GROUP							£33.00
	In receipt of DLA Care High Rate COUPLE	£114.85	£29.05	£23.55	£167.45	£226.06	£16.75	if Partner also on DLA/AA/PIP
	ESA - SUPPORT GROUP - COUPLE	£114.85	£37.65	£23.55	£176.05	£237.67	£17.61	£33.00 if Partner also on DLA/AA/PIP
С	SINGLE, Disabled Adults, aged 25-62 & Lone Parents, aged 18 or over. In receipt of SDA, IB (long term rate), DLA Care (lower or middle rate), DLA Mobility, or Registered Blind	£73.10	£33.55		£106.65	£143.98	£10.67	£16.50
D	SINGLE, Disabled Adults, aged 25-62 & Lone Parents, aged 18 or over. In receipt of SDA, IB (long term rate), DLA Care (higher rate), DLA Mobility, or Dependent Child in receipt of DLA Care (higher rate)	£73.10	£33.55	£16.40	£123.05	£166.12	£12.31	£16.50
E.	SINGLE, Disabled Adults, aged 18-24. In receipt of SDA, IB (long term rate), DLA Care (lower or middle rate), DLA Mobility or Registered Blind	£57.90	£33.55		£91.45	£123.46	£9.15	£16.50
F.	SINGLE, Disabled Adults, aged 18-24. In receipt of SDA, IB (long term rate), DLA Care (higher rate), DLA Mobility, or Dependent Child in	£57.90	33.55	£16.40	£107.85	£145.60	£10.79	£16.50
	receipt of DLA Care (higher rate)							
G	COUPLE, Disabled Adults, aged 18-62. In receipt of SDA, IB (long term rate), DLA Care (lower or middle rate), DLA Mobility or Registered Blind	£114.85	£47.80		£162.65	£219.58	£16.27	£33.00 if Partner also on DLA/AA/PIP
H.	COUPLE, Disabled Adults, aged 18-62. In receipt of SDA, IB (long term rate), DLA Care (higher rate), DLA Mobility,or Dependent Child in receipt of DLA Care (higher rate)	£114.85	£47.80	£23.55	£186.20	£251.37	£18.62	£33.00 if Partner also on DLA/AA/PIP
I.	SINGLE, Adult, aged 18-24	£57.90			£57.90	£78.17	£5.79	£16.50
J.	SINGLE, Adults, aged 25-62 & Lone Parents, aged 18 or over	£73.10			£73.10	£98.69	£7.31	£16.50
K	COUPLE, Adults aged 18-62	£114.85			£114.85	£155.05	£11.49	£16.50
								OR £33.00
								if Partner on DLA/AA/PIP

			Enhanced	1				
	Personal	Disability	Disability	CARER	IS /PC	Basic	Basic	VOG
	Allowance	Premium	Premium	PREMIUM	Basic Level		plus 10%	
	Allowance	Fremium	Fielillulli	FILIMION	Dasic Level	pius 35%	pius 10%	DKL
SINGLE, Pensioner entitled to Pension Credit	£ 163.00			£ 36.00	£ 199.00	£268.65	£19.90	£16.50
								£33.00
COUPLE, Pensioner entitled to Pension Credit	£ 248.80			£ 36.00	£ 284.80	£384.48	£28.48	if Partner also on DLA/AA/PIP
ESA - WORK RELATED ACTIVITY GROUP In receipt of DLA Care Low or Middle Rate	£73.10	£29.05		£ 36.00	£138.15	£186.50	£13.82	£16.50
ESA - WORK RELATED ACTIVITY GROUP In receipt of DLA Care High Rate	£73.10	£29.05	£16.40	£ 36.00	£154.55	£208.64	£15.46	£16.50
ESA - SUPPORT GROUP	£73.10	£37.65	£16.40	£ 36.00	£163.15	£220.25	£16.32	£16.50
ESA - WORK RELATED ACTIVITY GROUP								£33.00
In receipt of DLA Care Low or Middle Rate COUPLE	£114.85	£29.05		£ 36.00	£179.90	£242.87	£17.99	if Partner also on DLA/AA/PIP
ESA - WORK RELATED ACTIVITY GROUP								C22.00
In receipt of DLA Care High Rate COUPLE	£114.85	£29.05	£23.55	£ 36.00	£203.45	£274.66	£20.35	£33.00 if Partner also on DLA/AA/PIP
								£33.00
ESA - SUPPORT GROUP - COUPLE	£114.85	£37.65	£23.55	£ 36.00	£212.05	£286.27	£21.21	if Partner also on DLA/AA/PIP
SINGLE, Disabled Adults, aged 25-62 & Lone								
Parents, aged 18 or over. In receipt of SDA, IB	£73.10	£33.55		£ 36.00	£142.65	£192.58	£14.27	£16.50
(long term rate), DLA Care (lower or middle rate), DLA Mobility, or Registered Blind								
SINGLE, Disabled Adults, aged 25-62 & Lone								
Parents, aged 18 or over. In receipt of SDA, IB	070.40	000.55	040.40	0 00 00	0450.05	004470	045.04	040.50
(long term rate), DLA Care (higher rate), DLA Mobility, or Dependent Child in receipt of DLA	£73.10	£33.55	£16.40	£ 36.00	£159.05	£214.72	£15.91	£16.50
Care (higher rate)								
SINGLE, Disabled Adults, aged 18-24. In receipt						0.1=0.00	010 ==	0.40 = 0
of SDA, IB (long term rate), DLA Care (lower or middle rate), DLA Mobility or Registered Blind	£57.90	£33.55		£ 36.00	£127.45	£172.06	£12.75	£16.50
SINGLE, Disabled Adults, aged 18-24. In receipt								
of SDA, IB (long term rate), DLA Care (higher								
rate), DLA Mobility, or Dependent Child in receipt of DLA Care (higher rate)	£57.90	33.55	£16.40	£ 36.00	£143.85	£194.20	£14.39	£16.50
COUPLE, Disabled Adults, aged 18-62. In receipt								£33.00
of SDA, IB (long term rate), DLA Care (lower or middle rate), DLA Mobility or Registered Blind	£114.85	£47.80		£ 36.00	£198.65	£268.18	£19.87	if Partner also on DLA/AA/PIP
COUPLE, Disabled Adults, aged 18-62. In receipt								
of SDA, IB (long term rate), DLA Care (higher								£33.00
rate), DLA Mobility,or Dependent Child in receipt of DLA Care (higher rate)	£114.85	£47.80	£23.55	£ 36.00	£222.20	£299.97	£22.22	if Partner also on DLA/AA/PIP
SINGLE, Adult, aged 18-24	£57.90			£ 36.00	£93.90	£126.77	£9.39	£16.50
OINOLE Address and OF CO. O	070.40			0 0000	0400.40	04.47.00	040.04	040.50
SINGLE, Adults, aged 25-62 & Lone Parents, aged 18 or over	£73.10			£ 36.00	£109.10	£147.29	£10.91	£16.50
								£16.50 OR £33.00
		1	1	I .				~55.00

			Enhanced	2				
	Personal Allowance	Disability Premium	Disability Premium	<u>CARER</u> <u>PREMIUM</u>	IS /PC Basic Level	<u>Basic</u> plus 35%	<u>Basic</u> plus 10%	<u>VOG</u> <u>DRE</u>
SINGLE, Pensioner entitled to Pension Credit	£ 163.00				£ 163.00	£220.05	£16.30	£16.50
COUPLE, Pensioner entitled to Pension Credit	£ 248.80			£ 72.00	£ 320.80	£433.08	£32.08	£33.00 if Partner also or DLA/AA/PIP
ESA - WORK RELATED ACTIVITY GROUP In receipt of DLA Care Low or Middle Rate	£73.10	£29.05			£102.15	£137.90	£10.22	£16.50
ESA - WORK RELATED ACTIVITY GROUP In receipt of DLA Care High Rate	£73.10	£29.05	£16.40		£118.55	£160.04	£11.86	£16.50
ESA - SUPPORT GROUP	£73.10	£37.65	£16.40		£127.15	£171.65	£12.72	£16.50
ESA - WORK RELATED ACTIVITY GROUP In receipt of DLA Care Low or Middle Rate COUPLE	£114.85	£29.05		£ 72.00	£215.90	£291.47	£21.59	£33.00 if Partner also or DLA/AA/PIP
ESA - WORK RELATED ACTIVITY GROUP In receipt of DLA Care High Rate COUPLE	£114.85	£29.05	£23.55	£ 72.00	£239.45	£323.26	£23.95	£33.00 if Partner also or DLA/AA/PIP
ESA - SUPPORT GROUP - COUPLE	£114.85	£37.65	£23.55	£ 72.00	£248.05	£334.87	£24.81	£33.00 if Partner also or DLA/AA/PIP
SINGLE, Disabled Adults, aged 25-62 & Lone Parents, aged 18 or over. In receipt of SDA, IB (long term rate), DLA Care (lower or middle rate), DLA Mobility, or Registered Blind	£73.10	£33.55			£106.65	£143.98	£10.67	£16.50
SINGLE, Disabled Adults, aged 25-62 & Lone Parents, aged 18 or over. In receipt of SDA, IB (long term rate), DLA Care (higher rate), DLA Mobility, or Dependent Child in receipt of DLA Care (higher rate)	£73.10	£33.55	£16.40		£123.05	£166.12	£12.31	£16.50
SINGLE, Disabled Adults, aged 18-24. In receipt of SDA, IB (long term rate), DLA Care (lower or middle rate), DLA Mobility or Registered Blind	£57.90	£33.55			£91.45	£123.46	£9.15	£16.50
SINGLE, Disabled Adults, aged 18-24. In receipt of SDA, IB (long term rate), DLA Care (higher rate), DLA Mobility, or Dependent Child in receipt of DLA Care (higher rate)	£57.90	33.55	£16.40		£107.85	£145.60	£10.79	£16.50
COUPLE, Disabled Adults, aged 18-62. In receipt of SDA, IB (long term rate), DLA Care (lower or middle rate), DLA Mobility or Registered Blind	£114.85	£47.80		£ 72.00	£234.65	£316.78	£23.47	£33.00 if Partner also or DLA/AA/PIP
COUPLE, Disabled Adults, aged 18-62. In receipt of SDA, IB (long term rate), DLA Care (higher rate), DLA Mobility,or Dependent Child in receipt of DLA Care (higher rate)	£114.85	£47.80	£23.55	£ 72.00	£258.20	£348.57	£25.82	£33.00 if Partner also or DLA/AA/PIP
SINGLE, Adult, aged 18-24	£57.90				£57.90	£78.17	£5.79	£16.50
SINGLE, Adults, aged 25-62 & Lone Parents, aged 18 or over	£73.10				£73.10	£98.69	£7.31	£16.50
COUPLE, Adults aged 18-62	£114.85			£ 72.00	£186.85	£252.25	£18.69	£33.00 if Partner on DLA/AA/PIP