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| Meeting of: | Cabinet |
| Date of Meeting: | Thursday, 15 December 2022 |
| Relevant Scrutiny Committee: | Learning and Culture |
| Report Title: | School Admission Arrangements 2024/25 |
| Purpose of Report: | To seek Cabinet approval to consult on the Local Authority's school admission arrangements as required by the Welsh Government's School Admission Code issued in July 2013 |
| Report Owner: | Cabinet Member for Education, Arts and the Welsh Language |
| Responsible Officer: | Paula Ham, Director of Learning and Skills |
| Elected Member and Officer Consultation: | Trevor Baker: Head of Strategy, Community Learning and Resources Lisa Lewis, Operational Manager, Strategy and Resources Mike Matthews Principal Strategic Planning Officer Nathan Slater: 21st Century Schools Project Manager |
| Policy Framework: | This is a matter for Executive decision by Cabinet |
| <p>Executive Summary:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • This report is seeking approval to consult on school admission arrangements for pupil admissions in the 2024/2025 academic year. This is required to meet the Council's obligation to annually consult and agree the admission arrangements by no later than 15th April every year. • There are no changes proposed to the school admission arrangements as agreed last year for school admissions for the 2023/2024 academic year. • The consultation period would be from 8th January, 2023 to 17th February, 2023. A report on the outcome of this consultation will be presented to Cabinet in March 2023. • It is recommended that Cabinet approve the contents of the report so that the statutory consultation on the Vale of Glamorgan's Schools Admissions Policy and arrangements for 2024/2025 can take place within the statutory timescales. | |

Recommendation

1. That Cabinet approves the consultation required and as set out in the body of the report, to agree Local Authority admission arrangements (Appendix A) for all community schools in the Vale of Glamorgan.

Reason for Recommendation

1. Para 2.3 (page 6) of the School Admissions Code (Wales) July 2013 states that "Admission Arrangements must be consulted on for each maintained school between 1st September and 1st March and be set by 15th April of the school years beginning two years before the school year in which the arrangements will apply".

1. Background

- 1.1 The Local Authority (LA) has a statutory duty to consult with the governing bodies of schools who have delegated admission powers, all neighbouring Local Authorities (LAs), the admission authorities for all other maintained schools in the relevant area and the governing bodies of all other maintained schools in the relevant area (i.e. community and voluntary controlled schools which do not have delegated admission powers). In the case of religious schools with a religious character, such body or person representing the religion or religious denomination in question.
- 1.2 The relevant area is determined as the geographical area of the Vale of Glamorgan.
- 1.3 The Local Authority should also consult the Admissions Forum serving the relevant area and where a significant change is proposed, parents of children likely to be affected.
- 1.4 The Local Authority is required to publish a prospectus each year for the subsequent school year admission round detailing school admission arrangements for all maintained schools in its area. This information is contained within the Council's information guide "A Parental Guide to School Admission in the Vale".
- 1.5 The Welsh Government's School Admissions Code 2013 requires admission authorities to act in accordance with the code. The code includes practical guidance and imposes requirements on Local Authorities and admission authorities, regarding the discharge of duties in respect of admissions.

2. Key Issues for Consideration

- 2.1 The consultation period for the proposed admission arrangements (Appendix A) will be 8th January, 2023 to 17th February, 2023.
- 2.2 These admission arrangements must be in place in order to determine the allocation of places for the academic year 2024/25.

- 2.3** There are no changes proposed to the admission arrangements agreed last year for admission to schools into the academic year 2023/2024.
- 2.4** The Council is continuing to coordinate admission arrangements for seven partner voluntary aided schools who are their own admissions authority, these include:
- Llansannor CIW Primary
 - St Andrews CIW Primary
 - St Brides CIW Primary
 - St Davids CIW Primary
 - Wick & Marcross CIW Primary
 - St Richard Gwyn Catholic Secondary School
 - St Joseph's RC Primary School.
- 2.5** All Saints CIW Primary will join the programme for admissions into the reception class for September 2023.
- 2.6** The Council is working towards rolling the programme out to the remaining voluntary aided schools, St Helen's Catholic and Pendoylan C/W Primary Schools as soon as possible as it is felt that a coordinated approach creates a fairer, more equitable system of allocating places for a number of reasons:
- Coordinated arrangements provide parents with a single school place offer for their child.
 - Parents would not hold more than one school place. The offer of multiple schools prevents other children being offered these places.
 - There is often uncertainty as to which pupils will start at schools, a co-ordinated approach provides greater certainty for schools of their numbers and for those pupils entering reception.
- 2.7** The co-ordinated admissions programme will be reviewed after the conclusion of the September 2023 admissions round.

3. How do proposals evidence the Five Ways of Working and contribute to our Well-being Objectives?

- 3.1** The Well-being of Future Generations Act 2015 ("the 2015 Act") requires the Council to think about the long-term impact of their decisions, to work better with people, communities and each other and to prevent persistent problems such as poverty, health inequalities and climate change.
- 3.2** The Council has committed as part of the Corporate Plan 2020-2025 to achieving a vision of 'Working Together for a Brighter Future'. This plan is reflective of the Welsh Government's Well-being of Future Generations Act and is comprised of four Well-being objectives to deliver this vision:

Objective 1 - To work with and for our communities

Objective 2 - To support learning, employment and sustainable economic growth

Objective 3 - To support people at home and in their community

Objective 4 - To respect, enhance and enjoy our environment

3.3 The proposed School Admissions Policy contributes to the Council's Objective 2 - To support learning, employment and sustainable economic growth:

- Improve standards of achievement for pupils through sharing excellence between schools and the targeting of resources.
- Secure improved outcomes for groups of learners at risk of underachievement, such as those entitled to free school meals.
- Increase the learning opportunities for disadvantaged individuals and vulnerable families. This would be achieved by ensuring costs associated with travelling to school are minimised wherever possible.
- Reduce the number of young people not in education, employment or training by ensuring that pupils can attend a local school.

3.4 To make sure we are all working towards the same purpose, the 2015 Act puts in place seven well-being goals on the Council. The 2015 Act makes it clear the listed public bodies must work to achieve all of the goals, not just one or two, these being:

- A prosperous Wales
- A resilient Wales
- A healthier Wales
- A more equal Wales
- A Wales of cohesive communities
- A Wales of vibrant culture and Welsh Language
- A globally responsible Wales.

3.5 The Council's school admission arrangements contribute to achieving the wellbeing goals by:

- Ensuring an efficient supply and demand of school places across the Vale of Glamorgan through effective forecasting of future demand.
- Ensuring that wherever possible children can attend their local school.
- Ensuring that all pupils have every opportunity to attain the best possible outcomes.
- Contributing to a healthier Wales by supporting sustainable travel strategies.
- Delivering rigorous consultation.
- Ensuring that schools serve the educational needs of their local communities as part of the school admissions process.

- 3.6** The 2015 Act imposes a duty on all public bodies in Wales to carry out “sustainable development”, defined as being, "The process of improving the economic, social, environmental and cultural well-being of Wales by taking action, in accordance with the sustainable development principle, aimed at achieving the well-being goals." The action that a public body takes in carrying out sustainable development includes setting and publishing well-being objectives and taking all reasonable steps in exercising its functions to meet those objectives.
- 3.7** The 2015 Act sets out five ways of working needed for the Council to achieve the seven well-being goals. These are outlined below with examples of the ways in which this proposal supports them.
- 3.8** The importance of balancing short-term needs with the needs to safeguard the ability to also meet long-term needs. The admission policy will ensure that there are well-managed admission arrangements in place to ensure a balance between the supply and demand for school places. The arrangements would support children to be able to attend their local school in the longer term.
- 3.9** Considering how the Council’s objectives impact upon each of the wellbeing goals listed above. This proposal contributes to the well-being goals in several ways including working towards ensuring that all pupils within the Vale have every opportunity to attain the best possible outcomes, encouraging pupils to be able to walk to school wherever possible and promoting cohesive communities by attending a school in their local area for example.
- 3.10** The importance of involving people with an interest in achieving the well-being goals and ensuring that those people reflect the diversity of the area which the Council services. By consulting with stakeholders, we can ensure due consideration of the interests of those people is taken into account in terms of the Council’s admission arrangements.
- 3.11** Acting in collaboration with other persons and organisations that could help the Council meet its wellbeing objectives.
- 3.12** Acting to prevent problems occurring or getting worse. The admission arrangements are part of an annual consultation process that will ensure that wherever possible parental preference can be met to support children being able to attend a school close to home, thereby reducing travel and transportation costs as well as associated environmental concerns.
- 3.13** This proposal will meet the five ways of working by:
- Responding to the need to ensure that there is a well-managed balance of supply and demand of school places within the Vale of Glamorgan. It is recognised that the changing demographics in the Vale of Glamorgan will significantly affect the demand for our services. Assessment of demographic increases is an important aspect of the Councils strategic planning responsibilities.
 - Contributing towards a healthier Wales by supporting sustainable transport strategies.

- Delivering rigorous consultation with open communication channels and numerous opportunities for stakeholders to engage throughout the process.
- Ensuring that schools serve the educational needs of their local communities as part of the school admissions process.

4. Climate Change and Nature Implications

- 4.1** There are no direct climate change and nature implications associated with this report. The Councils admission arrangements ensure that wherever possible children can attend their local school close to their home address thus minimising travel and associated environmental concerns. The arrangements ensure that wherever possible schools serve the educational needs of their local communities within a reasonable distance of a pupil's home address.

5. Resources and Legal Considerations

Financial

- 5.1** There are no direct implications arising from this report.

Employment

- 5.2** There are no direct implications arising from this report.

Legal (Including Equalities)

- 5.3** In November 2021 Welsh Government issued a notice in relation to changes to the law on school admission arrangements as a result of the implementation of the Additional Learning Needs and Education Tribunal (Wales) (ALN) Act 2018 ("the 2018 Act"). Implementation of the 2018 Act began on 1st September.
- 5.4** The notice is to be read alongside other guidance and legislation that affect admissions and admissions appeals in Wales. As an admission authority, due regard will be paid to the changes to the law related to school admissions in light of the Additional Learning Needs and Education Tribunal (Wales) Act 2018 ("the 2018 Act"), which are not currently reflected in the School Admissions Code.
- 5.5** The notice can be found at the following link:
 English: <https://gov.wales/changes-law-admission-arrangements>
 Cymraeg: <https://llyw.cymru/newidiadau-ir-gyfraith-ar-drefniadau-derbyn>
- 5.6** Part 1 of the Education Act 1996 ("the 1996 Act") imposes a number of general duties on all Local Authorities in Wales. The general duty in section 13 of the 1996 Act is to contribute (so far as the Council's powers enable them to do so) towards the spiritual, moral, mental and physical development of the community by securing that efficient primary education and secondary education are available to meet the needs of the population of their area.

- 5.7** Section 13A(3) of the 1996 Act states that a Local Authority in Wales must ensure that their relevant education functions and their relevant training functions are exercised by the authority with a view to promoting high standards, and promoting the fulfilment of learning potential by every person to whom the subsection applies, including those who are of compulsory school age or are below school age and are registered as pupils at schools maintained by the authority.

School Standards and Framework Act 1998

- 5.8** Sections 88 and 89 of the School Standards and Framework Act 1998 ('the Act') as amended by the Education Act 2002 and the Statutory School Admissions Code 2013 ('the Code') made pursuant to section 84 of 'the Act' determines that the Admission Authorities shall, before the beginning of each school year, determine in accordance with the Act the admission arrangements which are to apply for that year. The Local Authority is the admission authority for community and voluntary controlled schools, unless under section 88(1)(a)(ii) of the Act applies and the function has been delegated in full to the governing body.
- 5.9** The Local Authority as the admission authority has a statutory duty to act in accordance with the Code and the School Admissions Appeals Code.
- 5.10** The Education (Determination of Admission Arrangements) (Wales) Regulations 2006 ('the Regulations) set out the procedure in respect of which the Admission Authorities must follow when determining their admission arrangements, including the consultation and notification process as well as the timescales for these. This report reflects these requirements.

The Well-being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015

- 5.11** The Well-being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015 ('the 2015 Act') sets out new ways of working – of planning and making decisions – for Local Authorities and other public bodies it lists. The aim is that, by improving these things, the overall well-being of Wales will be better improved by the things public bodies collectively do. The Act and the statutory guidance makes it clear that Local Authorities must, in the course of their corporate planning and their delivery against those plans:
- balance short term needs against the ability to meet long term needs;
 - think about the impact their objectives have on other organisations' objectives, and on the well-being of Wales, in an integrated way;
 - involve in those processes people who reflect the diversity of the population they serve;
 - work together collaboratively with other organisations to better meet each other's objectives; and
 - deploy their resources to prevent problems from getting worse or from occurring in the first.
- 5.12** The statutory guidance, for organisations subject to the Act, sets out the expectations for how the duties should be met:

<http://gov.wales/topics/people-and-communities/people/future-generations-act/?lang=en>

5.13 The Act itself is available to view online:

<http://www.legislation.gov.uk/anaw/2015/2/contents/enacted>

5.14 Current practice on the use of surplus school accommodation, Information document No 158/2014.

Public Sector equality duty

5.15 The public sector equality duty (see section 149 of the Equality Act 2010) came into force in April 2011. Public authorities like the Council are required, in carrying out their functions, to have due regard to the equality needs set out under s.149 of the Equality Act 2010 to:

- eliminate discrimination (both direct and indirect), harassment, victimisation and any other conduct that is prohibited by or under the Equality Act 2010;
- advance equality of opportunity between persons who share a relevant protected characteristic and persons who do not share it; and
- foster good relations between persons who share a relevant protected characteristic and persons who do not share it.

5.16 Direct discrimination occurs if, because of a protected characteristic, a Local Authority treats a person less favourably than it treats or would treat others.

5.17 Indirect discrimination occurs if a Local Authority applies to a person a provision, criterion or practice which is discriminatory in relation to a relevant protected characteristic of that person (“B”). A provision, criterion or practice is discriminatory if:

- The Local Authority applies, or would apply it, to persons with whom B does not share the characteristic;
- It puts, or would put, persons with whom B shares the characteristic at a particular disadvantage when compared with persons with whom B does not share it;
- It puts, or would put, B at that disadvantage, and
- The Local Authority cannot show it to be a proportionate means of achieving a legitimate aim.

5.18 In short, indirect discrimination would arise if a Local Authority applied the same provision, criterion or practice to everyone, but it put those in a certain protected group at a “particular disadvantage” when compared with persons not in that group. Even if a “particular disadvantage” arises, indirect discrimination is not present if the provision, criterion or practice can be justified – i.e. if it is a proportionate means of achieving a legitimate aim. Members must pay due regard to any identified risk of such discrimination arising in respect of the decision before them.

- 5.19** It is to be noted that section 149, so far as relating to age, does not apply to the exercise of a function relating to the provision of education to children in schools (see paragraph 1 of Schedule 18 to the 2010 Act).
- 5.20** Having due regard to the need to advance equality of opportunity includes having due regard to the need to remove or minimise disadvantages suffered by people with a protected characteristic. Due regard must also be had to the need to take steps to meet the needs of such persons where those needs are different from those of persons who do not have that characteristic, and to encourage those who have a protected characteristic to participate in public life.
- 5.21** The steps involved in meeting the needs of disabled persons include steps to take account of the persons' disabilities.
- 5.22** Having due regard to "fostering good relations" involves having due regard to the need to tackle prejudice and promote understanding.
- 5.23** Complying with the PSED may involve treating some people better than others, so far as that is allowed by discrimination law.
- 5.24** The equality duty arises where the Council is deciding how to exercise its statutory powers and duties under the 1996 Act and the 2013 Act. The Council's duty under section 149 of the Equality Act is to have "due regard" to the matters set out in relation to equalities when considering and making decisions in relation to its statutory duties under those Acts. Accordingly due regard to the need to eliminate discrimination, advance equality, and foster good relations must form an integral part of the decision-making process. Members must consider the effect that implementing a particular decision will have in relation to equality before making a decision. The Council must have an adequate evidence base for its decision making. This can be achieved by undertaking an Equality Impact Assessment of proposals. The potential equality impact of the proposal will be assessed as part of the proposed consultation, and a summary of the position would be presented to Cabinet for their consideration as part of the determination process. A careful consideration of the assessment is one of the key ways in which Members can show "due regard" to the relevant matters.
- 5.25** Where it is apparent from the analysis of the information that the proposals would have an adverse effect on equality then reasonable adjustments should be made to avoid that effect (mitigation).
- 5.26** Members should be aware that the duty is not to achieve the objectives or take the steps set out in s.149. Rather, the duty on public authorities is to bring these important objectives relating to discrimination into consideration when carrying out its public functions (which includes the functions relating to school admissions). "Due regard" means the regard that is appropriate in all the particular circumstances in which the authority is carrying out its functions. There must be a proper regard for the goals set out in s. 149. At the same time, Members must also pay regard to any countervailing factors, which it is proper and reasonable for them to consider. This would include ensuring that School Admission policy actively contributes to ensuring that the delivery of education is

more efficient. The weight of these factors in the decision-making process is a matter for Members in the first instance.

- 5.27** The duty covers the nine protected characteristics: age, disability, gender reassignment, pregnancy and maternity, race, religion or belief, sex and sexual orientation. However, section 149, so far as relating to age, does not apply to the exercise of a function relating to the provision of education to pupils in schools (see paragraph 1 of Schedule 18 to the 2010 Act).
- 5.28** The Council must also comply with the specific equality duties imposed by the Equality Act 2010 (Statutory Duties)(Wales) Regulations 2011, SI 2011/1064 (“the Regulations”), particularly regulation 8 (imposing specific duties to make arrangements for assessing the impact of its policies/practise and monitoring of the same).

6. Background Papers

School admission Code 2013 guidance can be found at:

<https://gov.wales/sites/default/files/publications/2018-03/school-admissions-code.pdf>



VALE of GLAMORGAN COUNCIL
School Admissions Policy
2024/2025

Directorate of Learning and Skills



RELEVANT AREA FOR CONSULTATION

In accordance with the School Admissions Statutory Code (July 2013), admission authorities are required to consult with “relevant areas”. These are as follows:

- The governing body of the relevant schools.
- All neighbouring LAs.
- Admission authorities for all other maintained schools in the relevant area.
- Governing Bodies of all other schools in the relevant area (i.e. community and voluntary controlled schools which do not have delegated admissions powers).
- In the case of schools with a religious character, such body or person representing the religious denomination in question.

Community and Voluntary Controlled Schools

The Council is the admission authority for community and voluntary controlled schools. The relevant area for consultation on admission arrangements is the geographical area of the Vale of Glamorgan Council. This is determined by The Education (Relevant Areas for Consultation on Admission Arrangements) Regulations 1999.

ADMISSION ARRANGEMENTS – INTRODUCTION

The Council is the Admission Authority for all maintained community and voluntary controlled secondary, primary and nursery schools in the Vale of Glamorgan. All admissions are approved by the Directorate of Learning and Skills. In the case of a voluntary aided school the appropriate admissions authority is the governing body to which all applications for admission should be made.

The Council is coordinating admissions for eight partner voluntary aided schools who are their own admissions authority, these include;

- All Saints CIW Primary
- Llansannor CIW Primary
- St Andrews CIW Primary;
- St Brides CIW Primary;
- St David’s CIW Primary;
- St Joseph’s RC Primary
- Wick & Marcross CIW Primary.
- St Richard Gwyn Catholic Secondary School

The Council is looking to roll the programme out to the remaining two other voluntary aided schools. It is felt that a coordinated approach creates a fairer, more equitable system of allocating places for a number of reasons;

- Coordinated arrangements provide parents with a single school place offer for their child;
- Parents would not be holding more than one school place. The offer of multiple schools denies parents places at schools, preventing other children being offered these places;

- There is often uncertainty as to which pupils will start at schools, a coordinated approach would provide greater certainty for schools of the numbers and pupils entering reception.

The Council will ensure, as far as possible, that every pupil is guaranteed a place in a primary school within reasonable distance of home. The authority's admission arrangements will enable effective management of the admission intake to schools under which catchment area children are ranked as a high priority when allocating places in the event of oversubscription at primary and secondary schools. The Council is committed to providing local schools for local children where possible.

Changes to the law on admissions as a result of the implementation of the Additional Learning Needs and Education Tribunal (Wales) Act 2018

The notice can be found at the following link:

<https://gov.wales/changes-law-admission-arrangements>

The notice is to be read alongside other guidance and legislation that affect admissions and admissions appeals in Wales. As an admission authority, due regard will be paid to the changes to the law related to school admissions in light of the Additional Learning Needs and Education Tribunal (Wales) Act 2018 ("the 2018 Act"), which are not currently reflected in the School Admissions Code.

Admission Number

All maintained schools must admit pupils up to their published admission number. An admission may not be refused to any school until a school's admission number has been reached. The published admission numbers have been calculated in accordance with the Welsh Government's school capacity calculation methodology "Measuring the Capacity of Schools in Wales (MCSW)". As these numbers are based on the physical capacity of the school to accommodate pupils, they should not be exceeded in normal circumstances.

Infant Class Size Regulations

The Government introduced a policy to reduce class sizes for children aged five, six and seven years old as part of its overall aim to improve educational standards in schools.

Section 1 of the School Standards and Framework Act 1988 and the Education (Infant Class Sizes) (Wales) Regulations 1998, which came into force on 1 September 1998, placed a duty upon Local Authorities and school governing bodies to limit to 30 the size of classes for 5, 6 and 7 years old from September 2001 i.e. children in reception, year 1 and year 2 classes, except where permitted exceptions apply.

Admission authorities are not required to admit a child to an infant class where to do so would be incompatible with the duty to meet infant class size limits, because the admission would require measures to be taken to comply with those limits which would cause prejudice to efficient education or efficient use of resources. Admission authorities can only refuse admission on the basis of infant class size prejudice if the admission number has already been reached.

Late Applicants

Only applications received by the closing date for reception and transfer to year 7 at secondary school can be considered in the first round of admissions. Parents should therefore note these dates in order to ensure that their application is received in time to be considered alongside all other parents applying on time. Late applications will be dealt with only after the first round of applications has been completed. This may affect a child's chances of gaining a place in the parents' school of choice if for example sufficient applications are received prior to the closing date for the Council to admit up to the admission number. This would mean, for example, that applicants who live outside of the catchment area who apply on time are offered places instead of pupils who live within the catchment area whose parents did not apply by the closing date.

The arrangements for late applications are slightly different for nursery due to the termly allocation process. Once the closing date has passed and the initial round of allocations made for those pupils eligible for a September start date, any late applications are added to the allocation waiting lists for younger pupils due to start in January or April in order of the over subscription criteria.

In all cases, once the first round of allocations has been made and/or all available places have been offered, any late applications join the waiting list or termly nursery allocation waiting lists as prioritised by the oversubscription criteria. If any places are subsequently offered at the school, then they will be offered to applicants as ranked by these criteria. In this case, late catchment applications for example would have priority over "on time" applications categorised in a lower criterion who were refused a place in the first round.

Evidence of Residence & Shared Parental Responsibility

In all cases evidence of permanent residence of a pupil at the time of application must be supplied if required. Any place approved on the basis of residence will be withdrawn if the pupil is not resident at the address at the time of application or at the beginning of the school term to which the application relates.

Where parents have shared responsibility for a child, and the child lives with both parents for part of the school week, then the home address will be determined as the address where the child resides for the majority of the week (i.e. 4 out of 7 days). Parents will be required to provide documentary evidence to support the address they wish to be considered for allocation purposes.

Where a parent provides fraudulent or intentionally misleading information to obtain the advantage of a particular school for their child, to whom they would not otherwise be entitled, the Council reserves the right to withdraw the offer of a place.

Statutory Appeals

Parents will be advised of the outcome of their application on the offer date normally by their stated preferred method. This will be either via email, by logging into the online application system or via letter. If parents are dissatisfied with the result of an application for a particular school (excluding nursery), an appeal may be submitted to an independent Statutory Appeal Panel. Any decision made by the panel is binding on all parties. If the appeal is not successful,

further applications for a place at the same school will not be considered during the same academic year unless there are significant and material changes in the circumstances of pupil/parents or school.

Waiting Lists

Waiting lists will be maintained for oversubscribed schools where a place has been refused.

In respect of the annual allocation of places, applications will remain on the waiting list until the 30th September in the year of entry. General transfer applications received outside of the annual allocation of places will also remain on the waiting list until the end of the relevant term of application i.e., 31st December, 31 March and 31 August.

Waiting lists will be reviewed on a termly basis. At the end of an academic year, parents will be expected to make a further application for admission if they wish to remain on the waiting list.

Admissions to Sixth Forms

The Governing Bodies of community schools are responsible for the determination of admission arrangements to sixth forms. Applications should therefore be made directly to the school.

Admissions Process – Timetable

The timetable below provides all relevant dates in terms of managing the admission arrangements and adheres to the requirements of The School Admissions (Common Offer Date) (Wales) Regulations 2013 which advises that admission authorities must ensure that offer letters for secondary schools are sent on the 1st March or the next working day and that primary offers should be made on the 16th April or the next working day.

| TIMETABLE | 2024/2025 Academic Year | | |
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| | Secondary – (Year 7 intake September 2024) | Primary – (Reception intake September 2024) | Nursery – (Nursery intake September 2024) |
| Admissions information sent to parents/schools by LA. Online application service opens | 22 September 2023 | 27 November 2023 | 26 January 2024 |
| Closing date for receipt of preference forms | 24 November 2023 | 22 January 2024 | 15 March 2024 |
| VA/ Foundation schools notify LA of | 5 February 2024 | 18 March 2024 | 3 May 2024 |

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| results of applications | | | |
| Notification of results to parents of applications to Community , Voluntary Aided and Foundation Schools | 1 March 2024 | 17 April 2023 | 17 May 2024 |

NURSERY EDUCATION

The Council is the Admissions Authority for all maintained Community Nursery Schools and Nursery Classes in Community Schools in the Vale of Glamorgan. Children are entitled to a part-time nursery place from the start of the term following their third birthday and **must** attend for five half days. No place can be allocated at a community or controlled nursery without formal application. The Council will normally accept children who are three years old at the start of term (1st September, 1st January or 1st April) up to the schools approved capacity. Where the number of applications for admission exceeds the number of places available, places will be allocated applying the following criteria, in the order of priority set out below, up to the approved capacity.

Parents should also note that children attending a nursery school will not have an ‘automatic’ right to continued education at the same school when moving up to a reception class, whether residing within the catchment area or outside it. Parents will be required to complete an application for their chosen school (see Primary Education Admission Arrangements section). As nursery education is not a statutory provision there is no right of appeal against a decision to refuse a place for a child at a particular school.

Where a parent provides fraudulent or intentionally misleading information to obtain the advantage of a particular school for their child, to whom they would not otherwise be entitled, the Council reserves the right to withdraw the offer of a place.

Nursery Admission Oversubscription Criteria

The Council is the Admissions authority for all maintained community nursery schools and nursery classes in community and voluntary controlled schools. Admissions are allocated termly in consideration of applications for pupils who were three on or before the last day of the previous term (31 August, 31st December or 31 March).

Children with a statement of Special Educational Needs, when the school is named as the most appropriate setting, will be admitted before applying the oversubscription criteria. From 1 September 2021, section 48 of the 2018 Act requires the governing body of a maintained school in Wales to admit a child to the school if the school is named in the child’s individual development plan for the purpose of that section, which is to secure the child’s admission to the school. This duty applies despite the limits on infant class sizes and even if admitting the child would result in the school exceeding its admission number. The duty to admit applies at all times, including where a school is named in a plan outside the normal admission round.

All applications are ranked by the published oversubscription criteria date regardless of their start date within the nursery. Pupils residing in catchment or with a sibling connection who are eligible for a nursery place later in the academic year will therefore be provisionally allocated places prior to the allocation of non-catchment applications even when the non-catchment applications are for older children.

Once the initial September allocations have been made, any late applications are added to the waiting list/ termly allocation list and places offered on that basis. In these cases, late catchment applications, for example, will be ranked higher up the allocation list than “on time” applications qualifying under a lower criteria.

Autumn Term Admissions (allocated in May for a September start date)

1. Children who will be three on or before 31 August where evidence has been supplied to confirm that they are looked after, or have been previously looked after by a local authority in accordance with Section 22 of the Children Act 1989.
2. Children who had their third birthday before the last day of the previous term and are resident within the defined catchment area of the school on or before the published closing date for receipt of application forms. Evidence of permanent residence will be required. In the event of over-subscription by applicants from this category alone, the criteria set out below, in order of priority, will be applied to produce an order of preference;
 - (a) Children who have a brother or sister in attendance at the school during the academic year in which the child is to be admitted. (Where preferences exceed places available, the Council determines priority by reference to the age of the pupils' youngest sibling in the school, the youngest commanding the highest degree of priority).
 - (b) Children in chronological date of birth order, the oldest being admitted first. If two or more children have the same date of birth priority will be given to children living nearest the school as measured by the shortest available walking route, those living nearest will have priority. The Council uses a Geographical Information System (GIS) to calculate home to school distances.
3. Children who had their third birthday before the last day of the previous term (31 August, 31 December or 31 March) and whom the Council judges that there are compelling medical or social grounds for their admission to a specified nursery school/class i.e. those children recommended for placement with regard to medical, psychological or special education reasons. (Written recommendations from appropriate external agencies or professional advisers will be required in such cases).
4. Children who had their third birthday before the last day of the previous term (31 August, 31 December or 31 March) and have a brother or sister in attendance at the school during the academic year in which the child is to be admitted. (Where preferences exceed places available, the Council determines priority by reference to the age of the pupils' youngest sibling in the school, the youngest commanding the highest degree of priority).

Spring Term Admissions (Allocated in October for a January start date)

5. Children who will be three on or before 31 December where evidence has been supplied to confirm that they are looked after, or have been previously looked after by a local authority in accordance with Section 22 of the Children Act 1989.
6. Children who will be three on or before 31 December, resident within the defined catchment area of the school on or before the published closing date for receipt of preference forms. Evidence of permanent residence will be required. In the event of over-subscription by applicants from this category alone, the criteria set out at point 2 above, in order of priority, will be applied to produce an order of preference.

All remaining applications will be prioritised using points 3 and 4 above.

Summer Term Admissions (allocated in January for an April Start date)

7. Children who will be three on or before 31 March where evidence has been supplied to confirm that they are looked after, or have been previously looked after by a local authority in accordance with Section 22 of the Children Act 1989.
8. Children who will be three on or before 31 March, resident within the defined catchment area of the school on or before the published closing date for receipt of preference forms. Evidence of permanent residence will be required. In the event of over-subscription by applicants from this category alone, the criteria set out at point 2 above, in order of priority, will be applied to produce an order of preference.

All remaining catchment applications will be prioritised using points 3 and 4 above.

Remaining Applications

9. Where there are still spaces available after applying the criteria above, these will be allocated to children who had their third birthday before the last day of the previous term (31st August, 31st December or 31st March) with priority given to those living nearest the nursery school/class as measured by the shortest available walking route, those living nearest will have priority. The Council uses a Geographical Information System (GIS) to calculate home to school distances.

Early Years Funding

Parents may also apply for nursery education place funding with a registered provider approved by the Vale of Glamorgan Early Years Development and Childcare Partnership. Where parents opt for a place with a registered early year's provider, they will only be eligible to receive funding for a part time place regardless of whether the place offered is full or part-time. Funding will only be granted for sessions where early year's education is provided.

PRIMARY EDUCATION

Reception age pupils may be admitted to school full time in the September of the academic year in which they reach five i.e. the September following a child's fourth birthday. This is not a legal requirement, and parents may choose not to send their children to school until later in the year or when they are of statutory school age. This will be a matter for individual negotiation between parents and schools. Statutory school age is defined as the start of the term following a child's fifth birthday.

Attendance at a nursery class does not automatically entitle a child to a reception class place in the same school.

All parents are required to express a preference for the school they wish their child to attend/transfer to, even if it is their catchment area school. In the autumn term parents will be invited to nominate their preferred primary school for the following September by completion of an appropriate application form. Parents will be notified of decisions in line with the timetable provided. No firm guarantee can be given that a parent's preference can be met in every case as requests for places in certain schools may exceed the number of places available.

In deciding upon admissions, the Council will consider each individual application received by the published closing date. Only applications received by the published closing date for receipt of preference forms will be considered in the initial round of allocation of places. Other preference forms received will be considered as late applications.

Where a school is named in a statement of Special Educational Needs the Council has a duty to admit the child to the school. From 1 September 2021, section 48 of the 2018 Act requires the governing body of a maintained school in Wales to admit a child to the school if the school is named in the child's individual development plan for the purpose of that section, which is to secure the child's admission to the school. This duty applies despite the limits on infant class sizes and even if admitting the child would result in the school exceeding its admission number. The duty to admit applies at all times, including where a school is named in a plan outside the normal admission round. Where this is known to the admission authority, the child will be allocated a place before other applicants are assessed against the oversubscription criteria.

An admission to a school will normally be granted provided a school's admission number (and statutory class size limit, where applicable) will not be exceeded. However where the number of applications for admission to a school exceeds the number of places available, places will be allocated applying the admission criteria, in the order of priority, set out below. The Council will not normally exceed a school's admission number where this applies.

Oversubscription Criteria

1. Children where evidence has been supplied to confirm that they are looked after, or have been previously looked after in accordance with Section 22 of the Children Act 1989.

2. Children who are currently permanently resident within the designated catchment area of the school on or before the published closing date for receipt of preference forms. Evidence of permanent residence of a child must be supplied if requested. In the event of over-subscription by applicants from this category alone criteria (4), (5) and (6), in order of priority, would be applied to produce an order of preference.
3. Children not currently permanently resident within the designated catchment area of the school whose parents have satisfied the Council, on or before the published closing date for receipt of preference forms, that the child will be taking up residence within the catchment area by the commencement of the school term to which the application relates. In the event of over-subscription by applicants from this category alone criteria (4), (5) and (6), in order of priority, would be applied to produce an order of preference.
4. Children in respect of whom the Council judges that there are compelling medical or social grounds for their admission to a specified primary school i.e. those children recommended for placement at a named school with regard to medical, psychological or special education reasons. (Written recommendations from the appropriate external agencies or professional advisers will be required in such cases). In the event of over-subscription by applicants from this category alone criteria (5) and (6), in order of priority, would be applied.
5. Children who have a brother or sister in attendance at the school in Reception to Year 6 during the academic year in which the child is to be admitted. In the event of over-subscription by applicants from this category alone, the Council will determine priority and allocate places by reference to the age of the pupil's youngest sibling in the school, the youngest commanding the highest degree of priority.
6. In determining applications for admission in respect of other pupils in the age group, the Council gives particular regard to the degree of proximity of the pupil's home to the school, as measured by the shortest available walking route; those living nearest will have priority. The Council uses a Geographical Information System (GIS) to calculate home to school distances.

SECONDARY EDUCATION

Children normally transfer to secondary school in the September following their eleventh birthday. In the autumn term parents of Year 6 pupils are invited to nominate their preferred secondary school by the published closing date. No firm guarantee can be given that parents preference can be met in every case as requests for places in certain schools may exceed the number of places available. The Council will endeavour to meet parental preference wherever possible provided there are spaces available and a school's admission number will not be exceeded.

In deciding upon admissions, the Council will consider each individual application received by the published closing date. Only applications received by the published closing date for receipt of preference forms will be considered in the initial round of allocation of places. Other preference forms received will be considered as late applications.

Where a school is named in a statement of Special Educational Needs the Council has a duty to admit the child to the school. From 1 September 2021, section 48 of the 2018 Act requires the governing body of a maintained school in Wales to admit a child to the school if the school is named in the child's individual development plan for the purpose of that section, which is to secure the child's admission to the school. This duty applies despite the limits on infant class sizes and even if admitting the child would result in the school exceeding its admission number. The duty to admit applies at all times, including where a school is named in a plan outside the normal admission round. Where this is known to the admission authority, the child will be allocated a place before other applicants are assessed against the oversubscription criteria.

An admission to a school will be granted, provided a school's admission number will not be exceeded. However where the number of applications for admission to a school exceeds the number of places available, places will be allocated applying the oversubscription criteria, in the order of priority, set out below.

Oversubscription Criteria

1. Children where evidence has been supplied to confirm that they are looked after, or have been previously looked after in accordance with Section 22 of the Children Act 1989.
2. Pupils who are currently permanently resident within the designated catchment area of the school on or before the published closing date for receipt of preference forms. Evidence of permanent residence of a child must be supplied if requested. In the event of over-subscription by applicants from this category alone criteria (4), (5), (6) and (7), in order of priority, would be applied to produce an order of preference.
3. Pupils not currently permanently resident within the designated catchment area of the school whose parents have satisfied the Council, on or before the published closing date for receipt of preference forms, that the child will be taking up residence within the catchment area by the commencement of the school term to which the application relates. In the event of over-subscription by applicants from this category alone criteria (4), (5), (6), and (7), in order of priority, would be applied to produce an order of preference.
4. Pupils who were on roll at a previous feeder primary school prior to the withdrawal of the feeder school arrangements in September 2020. In the event of over-subscription by applicants from this category alone criteria (5), (6), and (7), in order of priority, would be applied to produce an order of preference. **(Temporary criteria in place for a three year period from September 2022. This will cease for the 2025/2026 academic year)**
5. Pupils in respect of whom the Council judges that there are compelling medical or social grounds for their admission to a specified secondary school i.e. those children recommended for placement at a named school due to medical, psychological or special education reasons. (Written recommendations from the appropriate external agencies or professional advisers will normally be required in such cases). In the event of oversubscription by applicants from this category alone criteria (6) and (7) would be applied.

6. Pupils who have a brother or sister in attendance at the school in years 7 to 11 during the academic year in which the child is to be admitted. In the event of over-subscription by applicants from this category alone, the Council will determine priority and allocate places by reference to the age of the pupils youngest sibling in the school, the youngest commanding the highest degree of priority.
7. In determining applications for admission in respect of other pupils the Council gives particular regard to the proximity of the pupil's home to the secondary school as measured by the shortest available walking route, those living nearest will have priority. The Council uses a Geographical Information System (GIS) to calculate home to school distances.

Admission Numbers: September 2024/25

(THE FOLLOWING ADMISSION NUMBERS REMAIN UNDER REVIEW AND MAYBE SUBJECT TO CHANGE AFTER CONSULTATION WITH RESPECTIVE SCHOOLS).

| School Name | Admission Number |
|---------------------------------|------------------|
| <u>Secondary Schools</u> | |
| Pencoedtre High School | 210 |
| Whitmore High School | 180 |
| Cowbridge School | 240 |
| Llantwit Major School | 180 |
| St Cyres School | 210 |
| St Richard Gwyn RC High School | 163 |
| Stanwell School | 299 |
| Ysgol Gymraeg Bro Morgannwg | 240 |
| <u>Primary Schools</u> | |
| Albert Primary | 55 |
| All Saints CIW Primary | 30 |
| Barry Island Primary | 30 |

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|----------------------------------|-----|
| Cadoxton Primary | 60 |
| Cogan Primary | 30 |
| Colcot Primary | 45 |
| Cowbridge School (Primary Phase) | 30* |
| Dinas Powys Primary | 60 |
| Evenlode Primary | 60 |
| Fairfield Primary | 45 |
| Gladstone Primary | 60 |
| Gwenfo CIW Primary | 30 |
| High Street Primary | 30 |
| Holton Primary | 60 |
| Jenner Park Primary | 30 |
| Llandough Primary | 30 |
| Llanfair Primary | 20 |
| Llangan Primary | 15 |
| Llansannor CIW Primary | 30 |
| Oak Field Primary | 30 |
| Palmerston Primary | 30 |
| Pendoylan CIW Primary | 30 |
| Peterston-S-Ely CIW Primary | 27 |
| Rhws Primary | 53 |
| Romilly Primary | 90 |
| South Point Primary | 30 |
| St Andrew's Major CIW Primary | 30 |
| St Athan Primary | 30 |
| St Brides Major CIW Primary | 30 |
| St David's CIW Primary | 30 |

| | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|
| St Helen's RC Primary | 44 |
| St Illtyd Primary | 54 |
| St Joseph's RC Primary | 30 |
| St Nicholas CIW Primary | 18 |
| Sully Primary | 50 |
| Victoria Primary | 60 |
| Wick & Marcross CIW Primary | 22 |
| Y Bont Faen Primary | 30 |
| Ysgol Gwaun y Nant | 60 |
| Ysgol Gymraeg Dewi Sant | 30 |
| Ysgol Gymraeg Bro Morgannwg | 30 |
| Ysgol Gymraeg Pen y Garth | 60 |
| Ysgol Iolo Morganwg | 30 |
| Ysgol Sant Baruc | 60** (30 for years 2-6) |
| Ysgol Sant Curig | 60 |
| Ysgol Y Ddraig | 60 |

* Admission number relates to the reception class only as part of a phased year group entry due to the implementation of school organisation proposals.

** Admission number relates to the reception and year 1 classes only as part of a phased year group entry due to the implementation of school organisation proposals.